Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

Nippon Life Insurance Company (the "Company," President: Hiroshi Shimizu) announces financial results for the nine months ended December 31, 2019.

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1. Business Highlights

(1) Annualized Premium

• Policies in Force

(100 Million Yen, %)

		As of Decem	As of December 31, 2019		
			As a percentage of March 31, 2019		
Individual insurance		27,150	99.1	27,383	
Individ	ual annuities	10,466	103.7	10,096	
Total		37,616	100.4	37,479	
Medical coverages, living benefits, and others		6,538	102.4	6,383	

New Policies

(100 Million Yen, %)

	Nine months ended	Nine months ended December 31, 2019				
		As a percentage of nine months ended December 31, 2018	December 31, 2018			
Individual insurance	1,211	74.4	1,629			
Individual annuities	631	134.1	471			
Total	1,843	87.8	2,100			
Medical coverages, living benefits, and others	440	124.5	354			

Notes: 1. The amount of annualized premium is calculated by multiplying a single premium payment by a factor according to the premium payment method (for single premium policies, the annualized amount is the total premium divided by the insured period).

^{2.} The amount of medical coverages, living benefits, and others represents annualized premium related to medical benefits (hospitalization benefits and surgical benefits), living benefits (specified illness benefits and nursing care benefits), and waiver of premium benefits (excluding disability benefits alone, but including specified illness and nursing care benefits).

^{3.} Annualized new policy net premium includes net increases due to conversions.

(2) Amount of Policies in Force and New Policies

Policies in Force

		As of Decem	ber 31, 2019		As of March 31, 2019			
	Number of policies		Amour	nt of policies	Number of policies	Amount of policies		
	(thousands)	As a percentage of March 31, 2019 (%)	(100 As a million percentage of yen) March 31, 2019 (%)		(thousands)	(100 million yen)		
Individual insurance	28,803	103.2	1,331,342	98.4	27,907	1,353,326		
Individual annuities	4,047	102.1	247,193	103.3	3,964	239,372		
Group insurance		_	981,821	101.1	ı	971,022		
Group annuities	_	_	134,184	101.8	_	131,770		

Notes: 1. The amount of individual annuities is the total of (a) annuity resources at the start of annuity payments for policies prior to the start of annuity payments and (b) policy reserves for policies after the start of annuity payments.

2. The amount of group annuities is the amount of the policy reserves.

New Policies

	Nine months ended December 31, 2019						Nine m	Nine months ended December 31, 2018			
	Number of	of policies		Amount of	of policies		Number of	An	cies		
	(thousands)	As a percentage of nine months ended December 31, 2018	(100 million yen)	As a percentage of nine months ended December 31, 2018	1	Net increase by conversion	policies (thousands)	(100 million yen)	New policies	Net increase by conversion	
Individual insurance	3,598	100.9	47,254	91.4	46,733	521	3,567	51,684	51,186	497	
Individual annuities	195	116.2	14,502	133.5	14,312	190	168	10,862	10,808	54	
Group insurance	_	_	1,512	28.7	1,512		_	5,270	5,270		
Group annuities	_	_	2	44.3	2		_	5	5		

Notes: 1. New policies include enrollment using the coverage enhancement system, and conversion indicates enrollment using the coverage revision system and partial coverage revision system.

^{2.} The number of policies includes policies that were converted into new policies.

^{3.} The amount of new policies and net increase in policies by conversion for individual annuities represents annuity resources at the start of annuity

^{4.} The amounts of new policies for group annuities represent the first-time premium.

2. Investment Management Performance (General Account)

(1) Asset Composition

(100 Million Yen, %)

		As of Decem	As of December 31, 2019		31, 2019
		Amount	%	Amount	%
Cas	sh, deposits, and call loans	10,291	1.5	10,793	1.6
Red	ceivables under resale agreements	_	_	_	_
Red	ceivables under securities borrowing transactions	_	_	_	_
Mo	netary receivables purchased	2,109	0.3	2,440	0.4
Pro	prietary trading securities	_	_	_	_
Ass	sets held in trust	35	0.0	131	0.0
Inv	estments in securities:	582,400	83.8	555,143	83.1
	Domestic bonds	240,657	34.6	235,275	35.2
	Domestic stocks	95,801	13.8	89,554	13.4
	Foreign securities:	211,184	30.4	198,595	29.7
	Foreign bonds	142,555	20.5	138,710	20.8
	Foreign stocks and other securities	68,629	9.9	59,884	9.0
	Other securities	34,756	5.0	31,717	4.7
Loa	ans:	74,256	10.7	74,387	11.1
	Policy loans	5,572	0.8	5,827	0.9
	Industrial and consumer loans	68,684	9.9	68,559	10.3
Rea	al estate:	16,539	2.4	16,496	2.5
	Investment properties	10,593	1.5	10,484	1.6
Det	ferred tax assets	_	_	_	_
Oth	ner assets	9,164	1.3	8,919	1.3
All	owance for doubtful accounts	(32)	(0.0)	(44)	(0.0)
Tot	al assets (general account):	694,764	100.0	668,267	100.0
	Foreign currency-denominated assets	202,519	29.1	187,195	28.0

Notes: 1. The above assets include cash received as collateral under securities lending transactions. Cash collateral received through these transactions is also recorded in liabilities as cash received as collateral under securities lending transactions (¥0 and ¥32.6 billion as of December 31, 2019, and March 31, 2019, respectively).

^{2.} Real estate amount is the sum of land, buildings, and construction in progress.

(2) Fair Value Information of Securities (With Fair Value, other than Trading Securities)

(100 Million Yen)

			As of E	December 3	1, 2019			As of	March 31,		mon ren)
		Book value	Fair value	Net gains/ losses	Gains	Losses	Book value	Fair value	Net gains/ losses	Gains	Losses
	Policy-reserve-matching bonds*	211,736	251,525	39,788	39,886	(97)	206,963	247,738	40,774	40,777	(2)
	Held-to-maturity debt securities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	1,339	2,915	1,576	1,576		640	1,368	728	728	1
	Available-for-sale securities:	275,965	355,810	79,845	82,463	(2,618)	269,616	337,085	67,469	70,368	(2,898)
	Domestic bonds	29,681	31,997	2,315	2,340	(25)	28,953	31,307	2,353	2,364	(10)
	Domestic stocks	42,497	90,421	47,923	50,008	(2,084)	42,682	84,459	41,777	43,862	(2,084)
	Foreign securities:	171,224	198,019	26,795	27,266	(470)	166,482	187,236	20,753	21,533	(780)
	Foreign bonds	123,687	141,314	17,626	17,949	(322)	123,905	137,743	13,837	14,350	(512)
	Foreign stocks and other securities	47,536	56,705	9,168	9,316	(148)	42,576	49,492	6,916	7,183	(267)
	Other securities	30,957	33,762	2,804	2,842	(37)	28,270	30,854	2,584	2,606	(22)
	Monetary receivables purchased	305	311	5	5	(0)	434	434	0	1	(0)
	Negotiable certificates of deposit	1,298	1,297	(0)	0	(0)	2,793	2,792	(0)	0	(0)
Tota	al	489,041	610,251	121,210	123,925	(2,715)	477,219	586,192	108,972	111,874	(2,901)
	Domestic bonds	238,341	280,304	41,963	42,083	(119)	232,921	275,912	42,990	43,001	(10)
	Domestic stocks	42,497	90,421	47,923	50,008	(2,084)	42,682	84,459	41,777	43,862	(2,084)
	Foreign securities:	173,833	202,255	28,422	28,895	(472)	168,103	189,618	21,515	22,297	(782)
	Foreign bonds	124,966	142,644	17,678	18,003	(324)	124,895	138,767	13,871	14,386	(514)
	Foreign stocks and other securities	48,867	59,610	10,743	10,891	(148)	43,207	50,851	7,643	7,911	(267)
	Other securities	30,967	33,773	2,805	2,843	(37)	28,279	30,864	2,585	2,607	(22)
	Monetary receivables purchased	2,103	2,198	94	95	(0)	2,439	2,544	104	106	(1)
	Negotiable certificates of deposit	1,298	1,297	(0)	0	(0)	2,793	2,792	(0)	0	(0)

Note: The above table includes securities that are deemed appropriate as securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act in Japan.

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^{*} Policy-reserve-matching bonds are measured at amortized cost using the moving average method. The cost of securities is amortized on a straight-line basis. Securities that are held for the purpose of matching the duration of outstanding liabilities within the subgroups (classified by insurance type, maturity period, and investment policy) of insurance products, such as individual insurance and annuities, workers' asset-formation insurance and annuities, and group insurance and annuities, are classified as policy-reserve-matching bonds in accordance with the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21, "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-Reserve-Matching Bonds in the Insurance Industry," issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

[Book Value of Securities Whose Fair Value is Extremely Difficult to be Determined]

(100 Million Yen)

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	_	-
Held-to-maturity debt securities:	_	_
Unlisted foreign bonds	_	
Others	_	
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	10,916	10,251
Available-for-sale securities:	6,024	5,398
Unlisted domestic stocks (excluding over-the-counter stocks)	599	532
Unlisted foreign stocks (excluding over-the-counter stocks)	752	1,200
Unlisted foreign bonds	0	-
Others	4,671	3,665
Total	16,940	15,650

Note: Of securities whose fair value is extremely difficult to be determined, the net gains (losses) on currency exchange valuation of assets denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

(3) Fair Value Information of Assets Held in Trust

(100 Million Yen)

		As of Decemb	er 31, 2	019		As of March 31, 2019				
	Balance sheet	Fair value		Net gains/losses		Balance	Fair value		Net gains/lo	sses
	amount	rair value		Gains	Losses	sheet amount	et amount Fair value		Gains	Losses
Assets held in trust	35	35	_	_	_	131	131	_	_	_

Notes: 1. Fair value is based on a price reasonably calculated by the trustee of the assets held in trust.

Assets Held in Trust for Trading Purposes

(100 Million Yen)

(
	As of December 31, 2019		As of March 3	1, 2019	
	Balance sheet amount	Valuation gains (losses) included in profit and loss	Balance sheet amount	Valuation gains (losses) included in profit and loss	
Assets held in trust for trading purposes	35	(39)	131	(15)	

Note: The balance sheet amounts and valuation gains (losses) recorded in profit and loss include net gains/losses on derivative transactions.

• Assets Held in Trust Classified as Policy-Reserve-Matching, Held-to-Maturity, and Available-for-Sale There were no ending balances as of December 31, 2019, and March 31, 2019.

^{¥(10.9)} billion and ¥3.6 billion as of December 31, 2019, and March 31, 2019, respectively.

^{2.} The balance sheet amounts include net gains/losses on derivative transactions within assets held in trust.

3. Nonconsolidated Balance Sheets

		(Million Yen
	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Assets:		
Cash and deposits	931,603	977,580
Call loans	469,628	429,912
Monetary receivables purchased	210,977	244,043
Assets held in trust	3,595	13,157
Investments in securities:	59,089,465	56,383,725
National government bonds	21,553,618	21,140,721
Local government bonds	763,099	790,372
Corporate bonds	2,102,026	1,969,571
Domestic stocks	9,727,400	9,110,036
Foreign securities	21,382,434	20,121,556
Loans:	7,425,622	7,438,736
Policy loans	557,220	582,774
Industrial and consumer loans	6,868,402	6,855,961
Tangible fixed assets	1,678,913	1,680,589
Intangible fixed assets	190,991	192,502
Reinsurance receivables	78	587
Other assets	718,829	688,042
Customers' liability for acceptances and guarantees	74,526	69,893
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,236)	(4,463)
Allowance for investment loss	(32,150)	(29,597)
Total assets	70,758,846	68,084,710
Liabilities:		
Policy reserves and other reserves:	57,344,445	56,347,264
Reserve for outstanding claims	176,827	238,428
Policy reserves	56,075,289	55,088,621
Reserve for dividends to policyholders	1,092,329	1,020,213
Reinsurance payables	99	624
Corporate bonds	1,028,889	1,028,889
Other liabilities:	2,236,384	1,694,384
Income taxes payable	1,445	40,348
Lease obligations	7,803	9,341
Asset retirement obligations	4,870	4,850
Other liabilities	2,222,264	1,639,844
Accrued bonuses for directors, and audit and supervisory board members	77	106
Accrued retirement benefits	374,940	365,897
Accrued retirement benefits for directors, and audit and supervisory board members	4,172	4,225
Reserve for program points	9,379	9,203
Reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	1,444,914	1,381,653
Deferred tax liabilities	750,885	496,857
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	103,371	103,748
Acceptances and guarantees	74,526	69,893
Total liabilities	63,372,088	61,502,747

3. Nonconsolidated Balance Sheets (Continued)

(Million Yen)

		(IVIIIIOII Tell
	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
let assets:		
Foundation funds	100,000	100,000
Reserve for redemption of foundation funds	1,300,000	1,250,000
Reserve for revaluation	651	651
Surplus:	326,824	434,526
Legal reserve for deficiencies	18,394	17,578
Other surplus reserves:	308,430	416,948
Equalized reserve for dividends to policyholders	_	10,000
Contingency funds	71,917	71,917
Reserve for social public welfare assistance	351	351
Reserve for reduction entry of real estate	63,729	49,836
Reserve for reduction entry of real estate to be purchased	14,790	28,603
Other reserves	170	170
Unappropriated surplus	157,471	256,070
Total foundation funds and others	1,727,475	1,785,178
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	5,767,775	4,882,692
Deferred losses on derivatives under hedge accounting	(54,092)	(31,216
Land revaluation losses	(54,401)	(54,690
Total valuations, conversions, and others	5,659,282	4,796,785
otal net assets	7,386,757	6,581,963
otal liabilities and net assets	70,758,846	68,084,710

Note: Unappropriated surplus on the condensed balance sheet as of March 31, 2019, represents the current-year unappropriated surplus.

- The corporate tax, inhabitant tax, and income tax adjustments for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, are calculated based on the assumption of accumulations and reversals of the reserve for reduction entry of real estate and the reserve for dividends to policyholders due to the appropriation of surplus in the current fiscal year.
- 2. Effective from the three months ended June 30, 2019, Nippon Life has applied the consolidated taxation system with the Company as the parent company for consolidated taxation purposes.
- 3. Effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, the Company has provided additional policy reserves over a five-year period to cover a possible deficiency in the reserve for certain individual annuity policyholders. As a result, policy reserves increased by ¥93,286 million, while ordinary profit and surplus before income taxes decreased by ¥93,286 million each, compared with amounts that would have been recorded if the additional policy reserve amounts had not been reserved in the nine months ended December 31, 2019.
- 4. Changes in the reserve for dividends to policyholders for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

		Million Yen
		Nine months ended
	_	December 31, 2019
a.	Balance at the beginning of the current fiscal year	¥1,020,213
b.	Transfer to reserve from surplus for the previous fiscal year	211,818
c.	Dividends paid to policyholders during the current nine-month period	156,114
d.	Increase in interest	16,411
e.	Balance at the end of the current nine-month period (a+b-c+d)	¥1,092,329

5. On January 23, 2020, the Company issued corporate bonds as follows:

Name	US dollar-denominated subordinated bonds due 2050 with interest deferral options
Issue price	100% of par value
Total amount issued	US\$1,150 million
Interest rate	A fixed rate of 3.40% per annum until January 2030 and a fixed rate with step-up thereafter (reset every five years)
Maturity	January 2050 (The corporate bonds are callable on January 23, 2030, and on each fifth anniversary date of the issuance date thereafter at the discretion of the Company, subject to prior approval by the regulatory authorities.)
Collateral and guarantees	The corporate bonds are not secured or guaranteed, and there are no specific assets pledged for them.
Use of funds	General working capital

Designated hedge accounting has been applied to these bonds using the currency swap as a hedging instrument.

- 6. The Company has offered foundation funds (*kikin*) of ¥50,000 million as provided in Article 60 of the Insurance Business Act during the nine months ended December 31, 2019.
- 7. The Company redeemed ¥50,000 million of the foundation funds and credited the same amount to reserve for redemption of the foundation funds as prescribed in Article 56 of the Insurance Business Act.
- 8. The amount of securities lent under lending agreements was \(\xi\)2,937,633 million as of December 31, 2019.

4. Nonconsolidated Statements of Income

	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Ordinary income:	4,739,743	4,776,021
Revenues from insurance and reinsurance:	3,370,300	3,446,098
Insurance premiums	3,369,871	3,445,686
Investment income:	1,226,129	1,199,348
Interest, dividends, and other income	1,018,570	1,027,009
Gain from assets held in trust, net	_	2,723
Gain on sales of securities	161,349	166,445
Gain on separate accounts, net	39,826	_
Other ordinary income	143,314	130,573
Ordinary expenses:	4,514,218	4,459,020
Benefits and other payments:	2,656,370	2,654,269
Death and other claims	759,856	779,498
Annuity payments	582,126	576,384
Health and other benefits	508,257	477,242
Surrender benefits	672,820	695,201
Other refunds	132,576	125,294
Provision for policy reserves:	1,003,079	886,418
Provision for policy reserves	986,667	869,722
Provision for interest on reserve for dividends to policyholders	16,411	16,695
Investment expenses:	229,936	292,141
Interest expenses	24,739	23,014
Loss from assets held in trust, net	11,462	_
Loss on sales of securities	29,310	106,078
Loss on valuation of securities	19,869	13,950
Loss on derivative financial instruments, net	98,966	76,120
Loss on separate accounts, net	_	29,793
Operating expenses	446,944	451,548
Other ordinary expenses	177,888	174,642
Ordinary profit	225,525	317,000
Extraordinary gains:	1,378	486
Gain on disposals of fixed assets	1,378	486
Extraordinary losses:	71,827	122,621
Loss on disposals of fixed assets	3,632	1,805
Impairment losses	1,934	1,551
Provision for reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	63,261	116,265
Contributions for assisting social public welfare	3,000	3,000
Surplus before income taxes	155,076	194,865
Income taxes—current	86,202	97,048
Income taxes—deferred	(85,886)	(84,777)
Total income taxes	315	12,270
Net surplus	154,760	182,595

Notes to the Nonconsolidated Statement of Income for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

1. Impairment losses are as follows:

1) Method for grouping the assets

Real estate for rental use and idle properties are classified as one asset group per property. Assets utilized for insurance business operations are classified into one asset group for each operation.

2) Recognition of impairment losses

When a significant decrease in profitability or fair value of a certain asset group is noted, the book value is reduced to the recoverable amount, recognizing an impairment loss under extraordinary losses.

3) Breakdown of asset groups for which impairment losses were recognized for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

	Million Yen			
Purpose of use	Land Leasehold interests in land		Buildings	Total
Idle properties	¥1,190	¥168	¥575	¥1,934
Total	¥1,190	¥168	¥575	¥1,934

4) Measurement of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount is based on either the value in use or net selling price of the asset depending on the type of asset.

In principle, the value in use is determined as the discounted future cash flows using a discount rate of 3.0%. Net selling price is determined based on appraisals performed in accordance with the "Real Estate Appraisal Standards" or standard land prices.

5. Details of Ordinary Profit (Core Operating Profit)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Core operating profit (A)	429,389	468,084
Capital gains:	188,135	193,672
Gain on proprietary trading securities	_	_
Gain from assets held in trust, net	-	2,723
Gain on trading securities	-	_
Gain on sales of securities	161,349	166,445
Gain on derivative financial instruments, net	-	_
Foreign exchange gains, net	2,675	_
Other capital gains	24,110	24,503
Capital losses:	234,798	207,311
Loss on proprietary trading securities	-	-
Loss from assets held in trust, net	11,462	-
Loss on trading securities	-	-
Loss on sales of securities	29,310	106,078
Loss on valuation of securities	19,869	13,950
Loss on derivative financial instruments, net	98,966	76,120
Foreign exchange losses, net	-	664
Other capital losses	75,190	10,496
Net capital losses (B)	(46,663)	(13,639)
Core operating profit, including net capital gains (A+B)	382,725	454,444
Nonrecurring gains:	1,533	_
Reinsurance revenue	-	-
Reversal of contingency reserve	_	_
Reversal of specific allowance for doubtful accounts	1,533	_
Other nonrecurring gains	_	_
Nonrecurring losses:	158,734	137,444
Reinsurance premiums	-	_
Provision for contingency reserve	62,895	132,713
Provision for specific allowance for doubtful accounts	-	2,542
Provision for allowance for specific overseas debts	_	
Write-offs of loans	-	
Other nonrecurring losses	95,839	2,188
Net nonrecurring losses (C)	(157,200)	(137,444)
Ordinary profit (A+B+C)	225,525	317,000

(Reference) Breakdown of "Other" items

		(Million Yen)
	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Core operating profit (loss)	51,080	(14,007)
Interest income and expenses related to swap transactions for foreign currency-denominated insurance products and swap transactions for hedging purposes	13,575	10,496
Impact of market exchange rate movements related to foreign currency-denominated insurance policies	(24,110)	(22,922)
Impact of movements in surrender benefits related to market value adjustment	61,615	(1,581)
Other capital gains	24,110	24,503
Interest income and expenses related to swap transactions for foreign currency-denominated insurance products and swap transactions for hedging purposes	-	-
Impact of market exchange rate movements related to foreign currency-denominated insurance policies	24,110	22,922
Impact of movements in surrender benefits related to market value adjustment	-	1,581
Other capital losses	75,190	10,496
Interest income and expenses related to swap transactions for foreign currency-denominated insurance products and swap transactions for hedging purposes	13,575	10,496
Impact of market exchange rate movements related to foreign currency-denominated insurance policies	-	-
Impact of movements in surrender benefits related to market value adjustment	61,615	-
Other nonrecurring gains	_	_
Reversal of allowance for investment loss		_
Other nonrecurring losses	95,839	2,188
Provision for allowance for investment loss	2,553	2,188
Provision for policy reserves pursuant to Article 69, paragraph 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act in Japan	93,286	_

6. Solvency Margin Ratio

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
olvency margin gross amount (A):	15,601,160	14,177,668
Foundation funds (kikin) and other reserve funds:	5,274,334	4,992,846
Foundation funds and others	1,727,475	1,573,004
Reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	1,444,914	1,381,653
Contingency reserve	1,840,006	1,777,111
General allowance for doubtful accounts	1,655	794
Others	260,282	260,282
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities (before tax) and deferred gains on derivatives under hedge accounting (before tax) × 90%	7,071,492	5,995,119
Net unrealized gains on real estate \times 85%	382,648	358,288
Excess of continued Zillmerized reserve	1,620,436	1,566,354
Qualifying subordinated debt	1,418,889	1,248,889
Excess of continued Zillmerized reserve and qualifying subordinated debt not included in margin calculations	-	-
Deduction clause	(35,096)	(13,021)
Others	(131,543)	29,191
otal amount of risk (B): $\sqrt{(R_1 + R_8)^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_7)^2 + R_4}$	3,200,208	3,038,049
Underwriting risk (R ₁)	116,164	117,577
Underwriting risk of third-sector insurance (R ₈)	80,098	81,303
Anticipated yield risk (R ₂)	359,244	364,647
Minimum guarantee risk (R ₇)	5,452	5,576
Investment risk (R ₃)	2,762,881	2,597,831
Business management risk (R ₄)	66,476	63,338
blvency margin ratio $ \frac{(A)}{(1/2) \times (B)} \times 100 $	975.0%	933.3%

Notes: 1. The amounts and figures as of March 31, 2019, in the table above are calculated based on the provisions of Article 86 and Article 87 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act and the Ministry of Finance Public Notice No. 50 of 1996.

Those as of December 31, 2019, are calculated based on the methods deemed reasonable by the Company in accordance with the aforementioned

^{2.} The standard method is used for the calculation of the amount equivalent to minimum guarantee risk.

7. Status of Separate Accounts

(1) Balance of Separate Account Assets

(Million Yen)

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Individual variable insurance	112,114	110,135
Individual variable annuities	41,726	41,251
Group annuities	1,128,533	1,106,612
Separate account total	1,282,374	1,257,999

(2) Policies in Force

• Individual Variable Insurance

	As of December 31, 2019		As of March 31, 2019	
	Number of policies	Amount of policies (million yen)	Number of policies	Amount of policies (million yen)
Variable insurance (defined term type)	10,912	8,013	8,395	6,510
Variable insurance (whole life type)	31,478	440,453	31,966	449,867
Total	42,390	448,466	40,361	456,377

• Individual Variable Annuities

As of December 31, 2019		As of Marc	ch 31, 2019	
	Number of policies	Amount of policies (million yen)	Number of policies	Amount of policies (million yen)
Individual variable annuities	34,909	41,720	33,554	41,240

8. Status of the Company, Subsidiaries, and Affiliates

(1) Selected Financial Data for Major Operations

(100 Million Yen)

	_	(100 1/1111011 1011)
	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Ordinary income	59,342	59,689
Ordinary profit	2,137	3,592
Net surplus attributable to the parent company	1,475	2,090
Comprehensive income (loss)	10,453	(5,435)

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Total assets	819,341	788,095
Solvency margin ratio	1,043.0%	997.3%

(2) Scope of Consolidation and Application of the Equity Method

	As of December 31, 2019	
Number of consolidated subsidiaries	16	
Number of subsidiaries not consolidated but accounted for under the equity method	0	
Number of affiliates accounted for under the equity method	15	
Changes in significant subsidiaries and affiliates during the period Please refer to "(4) Policies for Preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019."		

(3) Basis of Preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

Under Article 59-7 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act, an insurance company shall, for each quarter, make an effort to disclose the matters which would serve as reference information for policyholders provided in Article 111, paragraph 6 of the Insurance Business Act and any other customers so that they may acquire knowledge on the status of business and properties of the insurance company, its subsidiaries, and others which are especially important. The consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, have been prepared based on the model format for the announcement of first-quarter and third-quarter financial results (the "Quarterly Reporting Model") created by The Life Insurance Association of Japan and generally accepted standards for preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements in Japan. However, the Quarterly Reporting Model is prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the obligation above to make an effort to disclose information. Accordingly, disclosures in the Quarterly Reporting Model differ from those prescribed by the Regulation on the Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.

(4) Policies for Preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

1) Consolidated subsidiaries

HANASAKU LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD., which has started its operation as a life insurance company, has been included in the scope of consolidation from the three months ended June 30, 2019, due to its increased significance.

Reliance Nippon Life Asset Management Limited (RNAM), which was an affiliate accounted for under the equity method in the previous fiscal year, and its four affiliated companies were included in the scope of consolidation from the six months ended September 30, 2019, due to the Company's additional acquisition of its shares.

RNAM changed its name to Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited on January 13, 2020.

NLI Commercial Mortgage Fund, LLC and NLI Commercial Mortgage Fund II, LLC have been excluded from the scope of consolidation from the nine months ended December 31, 2019, due to their declined significance.

2) Equity method affiliates

RNAM became a consolidated subsidiary due to the Company's additional acquisition of its shares. Accordingly, RNAM has been excluded from the scope of application of the equity method from the six months ended September 30, 2019. Meanwhile, one affiliate of RNAM has been included in the scope of application of the equity method from the six months ended September 30, 2019.

Grand Guardian Nippon Life Insurance Company Limited has been included in the scope of application of the equity method from the nine months ended December 31, 2019, due to the acquisition of authorization from Myanmar financial authorities regarding a life insurance joint venture and its increased significance.

(5) Consolidated Balance Sheets

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Assets:	110 01 2000111001 01, 2017	110 01 1144011 01, 2017
Cash and deposits	1,619,208	1,541,390
Call loans	469,628	429,912
Monetary receivables purchased	367,232	401,938
Assets held in trust	3,795	13,357
Investments in securities	67,298,353	64,458,905
Loans	8,483,197	8,510,520
Tangible fixed assets	1,910,076	1,907,653
Intangible fixed assets	410,137	263,513
Reinsurance receivables	49,112	9,368
Other assets	1,248,540	1,199,998
Deferred tax assets	4,674	9,140
Customers' liability for acceptances and guarantees	75,518	71,016
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,316)	(7,198)
Total assets	81,934,161	78,809,517
Liabilities:		
Policy reserves and other reserves:	66,710,907	65,483,705
Reserve for outstanding claims	245,672	302,778
Policy reserves	65,314,737	64,100,386
Reserve for dividends to policyholders (mutual company)	1,092,329	1,020,213
Reserve for dividends to policyholders (limited company)	58,168	60,326
Reinsurance payables	6,998	8,424
Corporate bonds	1,172,089	1,175,589
Other liabilities	3,198,734	2,518,762
Accrued bonuses for directors, and audit and supervisory board members	77	106
Net defined benefit liability	437,841	440,556
Accrued retirement benefits for directors, and audit and supervisory board members	4,819	4,905
Reserve for program points	9,379	9,203
Reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	1,527,292	1,460,182
Deferred tax liabilities	853,783	555,094
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	103,371	103,748
Acceptances and guarantees	75,518	71,016
Total liabilities	74,100,813	71,831,296

(5) Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued)

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Net assets:		
Foundation funds	100,000	100,000
Reserve for redemption of foundation funds	1,300,000	1,250,000
Reserve for revaluation	651	651
Consolidated surplus	509,680	629,555
Total foundation funds and others	1,910,331	1,980,206
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	5,877,677	4,943,922
Deferred losses on derivatives under hedge accounting	(55,519)	(31,643)
Land revaluation losses	(54,401)	(54,690)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(27,322)	(4,853)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(5,967)	(13,494)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	5,734,466	4,839,241
Share acquisition rights	728	_
Noncontrolling interests	187,820	158,772
Total net assets	7,833,347	6,978,221
Total liabilities and net assets	81,934,161	78,809,517

1. Matters concerning revisions to the subcategories of insurance products covered by policy-reserve-matching bonds are as follows:

(1) TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

From the nine months ended December 31, 2019, TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED has created, for policies commencing on or before September 30, 2019, subcategory 1 for foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) (policies commencing from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2019) and subcategory 1 for foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) (policies commencing from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2019) by extending the commencement periods for the previous subcategories for foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) (policies commencing on or after January 1, 2019) and foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) (policies commencing on or after October 1, 2017). Additionally, it has also created subcategory 2 for foreign-currency denominated single payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) (policies commencing on or after October 1, 2019) and subcategory 2 for foreign-currency denominated single payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) (policies commencing on or after October 1, 2019) as new subcategories.

As a result, the subcategories for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, of the company were as follows:

- 1) Whole life insurance and annuity insurance (up to 40 years) (future cash flows generated from whole life insurance (including whole life insurance with term rider) and annuity insurance for up to 40 years)
- 2) Insured contributory pension plans (up to 27 years) (future cash flows generated from insured contributory pension plans for the period up to 27 years)
- 3) Subcategory 1 for foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) (foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) commencing from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2019)
- 4) Foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) (foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) commencing on or after October 1, 2019)
- 5) Subcategory 1 for foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) (foreign currency-denominated single-payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) commencing from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2019)
- 6) Foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) (foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar) commencing on or after October 1, 2019)

There has been no impact on profit or loss for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, as a result of this revision.

(2) HANASAKU LIFE INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

From the nine months ended December 31, 2019, all insurance policy groups are classified as a single subcategory, and securities that are held for the purpose of matching the duration of these outstanding insurance liabilities are classified as policy-reserve-matching bonds.

- 2. The corporate tax, inhabitant tax, and income tax adjustments of the Company for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, are calculated based on the assumption of accumulations and reversals of the reserve for reduction entry of real estate and the reserve for dividends to policyholders of a mutual company due to the appropriation of surplus in the current fiscal year.
- 3. Effective from the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company and certain subsidiaries have applied the consolidated taxation system with the Company as the parent company for consolidated taxation purposes.
- 4. The Company and some of its consolidated life insurance companies in Japan provided additional policy reserves in the nine months ended December 31, 2019. As a result, policy reserves increased by ¥103,232 million, while ordinary profit and surplus before income taxes decreased by ¥103,232 million each.
 - a. The Company

Effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, the Company has provided additional policy reserves over a five-year period to cover a possible deficiency in the reserve for certain individual annuity policyholders. As a result, policy reserves increased by ¥93,286 million, while ordinary profit and surplus before income taxes decreased by ¥93,286 million each compared with amounts that would have been recorded if the additional policy reserve amounts had not been reserved in the nine months ended December 31, 2019.

b. TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED has provided additional policy reserves to cover a possible deficiency in the reserve for certain individual annuity policyholders. As a result, policy reserves increased by ¥9,946 million, while ordinary profit and surplus before income taxes decreased by ¥9,946 million each compared with amounts that would have been recorded if the additional policy reserve amounts had not been reserved in the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

5. Changes in the reserve for dividends to policyholders of a mutual company for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	Million Yen
	Nine months ended
	December 31, 2019
a. Balance at the beginning of the current fiscal year	¥1,020,213
b. Transfer to reserve from surplus for the previous fiscal year	211,818
c. Dividends paid to policyholders of a mutual company during the current nine-month period	156,114
d. Increase in interest	16,411
e. Balance at the end of the current nine-month period (a+b-c+d)	¥1,092,329

6. Changes in the reserve for dividends to policyholders of a limited company for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	Million Yen
	Nine months ended
	December 31, 2019
a. Balance at the beginning of the current fiscal year	¥60,326
b. Dividends paid to policyholders of a limited company during the current nine-month period	11,615
c. Increase in interest	8
d. Provision for reserve for dividends to policyholders (limited company)	9,449
e. Balance at the end of the current nine-month period (a-b+c+d)	¥58,168
·	

7. On January 23, 2020, the Company issued corporate bonds as follows:

Name	US dollar-denominated subordinated bonds due 2050 with interest deferral options
Issue price	100% of par value
Total amount issued	US\$1,15 billion
Interest rate	A fixed rate of 3.40% per annum until January 2030, and a fixed rate with step-up thereafter (reset every five years)
Maturity	January 2050 (The corporate bonds are callable on January 23, 2030, and on each fifth anniversary date of the issuance date thereafter at the discretion of the Company, subject to prior approval by the regulatory authorities.)
Collateral and guarantees	The corporate bonds are not secured or guaranteed, and there are no specific assets pledged for them.
Use of funds	General working capital

Designated hedge accounting has been applied to these bonds using the currency swap as a hedging instrument.

- 8. The Company has offered foundation funds (*kikin*) of ¥50,000 million as provided in Article 60 of the Insurance Business Act during the nine months ended December 31, 2019.
- 9. The Company redeemed ¥50,000 million of the foundation funds and credited the same amount to reserve for redemption of the foundation funds as prescribed in Article 56 of the Insurance Business Act.
- 10. Matters concerning business combinations through acquisitions are as follows:
 - 1) Overview of the business combination
 - a. Name and business of the acquiree

Name: RNAM

Business: Asset management

b. Main reasons for executing the business combination

RNAM's trust assets under management have grown steadily, and the Company intends to support RNAM's attempt to enhance its presence in the Indian asset management market, which is expected to show future growth driven by solid economic growth.

c. Date of business combination

September 30, 2019 (deemed acquisition date)

d. Legal form of the business combination

Open offer to the public shareholders as per Indian regulations and share acquisition based on an agreement with Reliance Capital Limited (RCAP) to acquire shares of RNAM held by RCAP (the "Open Offer").

e. Name of the company after business combination

Reliance Nippon Life Asset Management Limited

(Renamed as Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited on January 13, 2020)

f. Percentage of voting rights acquired

Percentage of voting rights held before the Open Offer

42.875%

Percentage of voting rights acquired based on the Open Offer*

32.125%

Percentage of voting rights after the acquisition

75%

g. Main rationale for determining the acquirer

It is clear that the Company will control the decision-making body of the acquiree by obtaining the majority of voting rights.

^{*} Reflects the impact of changes in the percentage of voting rights due to the exercise of stock options for RNAM shares after the Open Offer.

2) Period for which the acquiree's business results were included in the consolidated statement of income for the nine months ended December 31, 2019

From October 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019

On the consolidated statement of income for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, profit or loss related to the acquiree from April 1, 2019, to September 30, 2019, is recorded as gain on equity method investments and presented in other ordinary income.

3) Acquisition cost and breakdown

Consideration for acquisition:

Fair value of RNAM shares held right before the Open Offer

¥92,940 million

Additional cash payment for RNAM shares acquired through the Open Offer

¥68,759 million

Acquisition cost

¥161,699 million

4) Difference between the acquisition cost and the total cost of individual transactions before obtaining control

Gain on step acquisitions

¥48,730 million

5) Description and the amount of main acquisition-related costs

Advisory fees and others

¥1,160 million

- 6) Amount of and reasons for recognizing goodwill, and amortization method and period
 - a. Amount of goodwill

¥98,115 million

The figure is a provisional amount estimated based on currently available information as the allocation of the acquisition cost has not yet been completed as of the end of December 2019.

b. Reasons for recognizing goodwill

Goodwill was recognized because the equity interest in the net amount of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed was lower than the acquisition cost.

c. Amortization method and period

Straight-line amortization over 20 years

7) Amounts of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed on the date of business combination and their main components

Total assets: ¥116,050 million

(including the amount allocated to intangible assets other than goodwill of

¥74,674 million)

Total liabilities: ¥30,755 million

(including deferred tax liabilities of ¥26,050 million)

8) Amount of acquisition cost allocated to intangible assets other than goodwill and amortization period

Amount of intangible assets other than goodwill: \quantum 74,674 million,

Amortization period: 19 years

(including contract-related assets of ¥74,674 million and amortization period of 19 years)

The figures are provisional amounts and amortization periods estimated based on currently available information as the allocation of the acquisition cost has not yet been completed as of the end of December 2019.

9) Estimated amount of impact on the consolidated statement of income for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, and calculation method, assuming that the business combination was completed as of the beginning of the nine months ended December 31, 2019

Ordinary income was ¥16,280 million, ordinary profit was ¥1,558 million, and net surplus attributable to the parent company was ¥48,327 million.

The estimated amounts of the impact represent the difference between gain on equity method investments and gain on step acquisitions recorded by the Company for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, based on RNAM's ordinary income, ordinary profit, and net surplus attributable to the parent company for the nine months ended December 31, 2019. In addition, amortization and related amounts are calculated based on the assumption that goodwill was recognized at the time of the business combination and intangible assets were recognized as of the beginning of the nine months ended December 31, 2019. The estimated amounts do not represent RNAM's ordinary income, ordinary profit, and net surplus attributable to the parent company that would have been recorded if the business combination had actually been completed as of the beginning of the nine months ended December 30, 2019.

This note has not received audit certification.

- 11. The amount of securities lent under lending agreements was \(\frac{1}{4}\)3,186,795 million as of December 31, 2019.
- 12. TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, the Company's subsidiary, has concluded a modified coinsurance agreement (commencement date of reinsurance agreement: July 1, 2019) covering foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) and foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar).

Through this modified coinsurance agreement, insurance risk has been transferred, and reinsurance premiums, including additional policy reserves associated with market price adjustments upon interest rate fluctuations, have been recorded and presented in revenues from insurance and reinsurance.

The outstanding balance of reinsurance accounts receivable related to this modified coinsurance agreement stood at ¥38,002 million as of December 31, 2019. The outstanding balance of the policy reserve component associated with the modified coinsurance agreement stood at ¥726,541 million as of December 31, 2019.

(6) Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income [Consolidated Statements of Income]

	Nine months ended	(Million Yen) Nine months ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Ordinary income:	5,934,278	5,968,973
Revenues from insurance and reinsurance	4,277,533	4,410,979
Investment income:	1,417,430	1,341,252
Interest, dividends, and other income	1,143,859	1,147,402
Gain from assets held in trust, net	-	2,723
Gain on trading securities	35,421	12,185
Gain on sales of securities	182,540	174,551
Gain on separate accounts, net	50,785	_
Other ordinary income	239,314	216,742
Ordinary expenses:	5,720,485	5,609,685
Benefits and other payments:	3,346,962	3,363,076
Death and other claims	942,683	983,277
Annuity payments	719,912	710,666
Health and other benefits	641,638	625,253
Surrender benefits	813,978	859,747
Other refunds	156,185	151,298
Provision for policy reserves:	1,254,636	1,053,539
Provision for policy reserves	1,238,216	1,036,834
Provision for interest on reserve for dividends to policyholders (mutual company)	16,411	16,695
Provision for interest on reserve for dividends to policyholders (limited company)	8	9
Investment expenses:	259,050	341,788
Interest expenses	28,401	26,424
Loss from assets held in trust, net	11,462	_
Loss on sales of securities	36,118	111,317
Loss on valuation of securities	22,149	11,637
Loss on derivative financial instruments, net	74,439	89,074
Foreign exchange losses, net	37,058	17,485
Loss on separate accounts, net	_	38,268
Operating expenses	605,772	607,187
Other ordinary expenses	254,062	244,093
Ordinary profit	213,792	359,288
Extraordinary gains:	51,883	13,659
Gain on disposals of fixed assets	3,146	3,312
Gain on bargain purchase	-	10,347
Gain on step acquisitions	48,730	_
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	6	
Extraordinary losses:	106,535	127,241
Loss on disposals of fixed assets	3,986	2,806
Impairment losses	32,438	1,605
Provision for reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	67,110	119,829
Contributions for assisting social public welfare	3,000	3,000

[Consolidated Statements of Income] (Continued)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Provision for reserve for dividends to policyholders (limited company)	9,449	9,483
Surplus before income taxes	149,691	236,222
Income taxes—current	89,848	112,790
Income taxes—deferred	(85,269)	(89,010)
Total income taxes	4,578	23,779
Net surplus	145,113	212,442
Net (deficit) surplus attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,452)	3,391
Net surplus attributable to the parent company	147,565	209,051

Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Income for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019

1. Impairment losses are as follows:

1) Method for grouping the assets

Real estate for rental use and idle properties of the Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries are classified as one asset group per property. Real estate and other assets utilized for insurance business operations are classified into one asset group for the whole insurance business. Additionally, goodwill is classified into one asset group for each company.

2) Recognition of impairment losses

When a significant decrease in profitability or fair value of a certain asset group is noted, the book value is reduced to the recoverable amount, recognizing an impairment loss under extraordinary losses.

Impairment loss on goodwill has been recorded in connection with deteriorating profitability at MLC Limited, the Company's consolidated subsidiary, mainly due to an increase in payments for income-protection insurance.

3) Breakdown of asset groups for which impairment losses were recognized for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

	Million Yen				
Purpose of use	Land	Leasehold interests in land	Buildings and others	Goodwill	Total
Real estate for rental use	¥ 29	¥ —	¥ 581	¥ —	¥ 610
Idle properties	1,190	168	575	_	1,934
Others	_	_	_	29,893	29,893
Total	¥1,219	¥168	¥1,157	¥29,893	¥32,438

4) Measurement of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount is based on either the value in use or net selling price.

a. Real estate and other assets

In principle, the value in use is determined as the discounted future cash flows using a discount rate of 3.0% to 3.3%. Net selling price is determined based on appraisals performed in accordance with the "Real Estate Appraisal Standards" or standard land prices.

b. Goodwill

The value in use is determined as the discounted future cash flows using a discount rate of 7.25%.

- 2. The total amount of depreciation of real estate for rental use and other assets for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, was ¥65,378 million. Amortization of goodwill for the nine months ended December 31, 2019, was ¥3,062 million.
- 3. Reinsurance premiums included in revenues from insurance and reinsurance of TAIJU LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, the Company's consolidated subsidiary, include reinsurance premiums of ¥79,188 million related to the modified coinsurance agreement for foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (U.S. dollar) and foreign currency-denominated single payment endowment insurance (Australian dollar). The breakdown of these premiums is as follows:

a. Adjustment to policy reserve for ceded reinsurance (excluding b.): ¥30,124 million

b. Additional policy reserves associated with market price adjustments: ¥36,727 million

c. Others: ¥12,336 million

With the implementation of this reinsurance, ordinary profit and surplus before income taxes increased by \\$37,953 million each.

[Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income]

	Nine months ended December 31, 2019	Nine months ended December 31, 2018
Net surplus	145,113	212,442
Other comprehensive income (loss):	900,248	(755,950)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	938,485	(753,004)
Deferred gains (losses) on derivatives under hedge accounting	(23,347)	17,478
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(21,782)	(16,082)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	7,626	5,998
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates accounted for under the equity method	(732)	(10,341)
Comprehensive income (loss):	1,045,361	(543,507)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the parent company	1,041,313	(539,352)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	4,048	(4,155)

(7) Consolidated Solvency Margin Ratio

	As of December 31, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
olvency margin gross amount (A):	16,490,235	15,040,262
Foundation funds (kikin) and other reserve funds:	5,610,349	5,437,605
Foundation funds and others	1,927,364	1,888,331
Reserve for price fluctuations in investments in securities	1,527,292	1,460,182
Contingency reserve	1,891,151	1,825,914
Extraordinary contingency reserve	_	_
General allowance for doubtful accounts	3,286	2,213
Others	261,254	260,963
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities (before tax) and deferred gains (losses) on derivatives under hedge accounting (before tax) \times 90%	7,217,856	6,083,208
Net unrealized gains on real estate × 85%	400,322	374,311
Total amount of unrecognized actuarial gains (losses) and unrecognized prior service cost	(8,277)	(18,717)
Excess of continued Zillmerized reserve	1,856,354	1,798,965
Qualifying subordinated debt	1,678,589	1,512,089
Excess of continued Zillmerized reserve and qualifying subordinated debt not included in margin calculations	_	_
Deduction clause	(205,559)	(249,621)
Others	(59,398)	102,421
otal amount of risk (B): $\sqrt{(\sqrt{R_1^2 + R_5^2} + R_8 + R_9)^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_7)^2} + R_4 + R_6$	3,162,010	3,015,936
Underwriting risk (R ₁)	159,833	164,973
General underwriting risk (R ₅)	_	_
Huge disaster risk (R ₆)	_	_
Underwriting risk of third-sector insurance (R ₈)	92,143	93,010
Underwriting risk related to small amount and short-term insurance providers (R ₉)	_	-
Anticipated yield risk (R ₂)	426,895	432,609
Minimum guarantee risk (R ₇)	9,205	9,302
Investment risk (R ₃)	2,648,896	2,498,757
Business management risk (R ₄)	66,739	63,973
obvency margin ratio $ \frac{(A)}{(1/2) \times (B)} \times 100 $	1,043.0%	997.3%

Notes: 1. The amounts and figures as of March 31, 2019, in the table above are calculated based on the provisions of Article 86-2 and Article 88 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act and the Financial Services Agency Public Notice No. 23 of 2011.

Those as of December 31, 2019, are calculated based on the methods deemed reasonable by the Company in accordance with the aforementioned provisions.

2. The standard method is used for the calculation of the amount equivalent to minimum guarantee risk.

(8) Segment Information

For the nine months ended December 31, 2019, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries engaged in insurance business and insurance-related businesses (including asset management-related business and general administration-related business) in Japan and overseas. Segment information and its related information are omitted because there are no other significant segments to be reported.